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Set Items Description
? E AU=KRIEG. a?
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             AU=KRI EG, A. H.
              AU=KRI EG, A. M.
             * AU=KRI EG, A?
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              AU=KRI EG
                         ADAM J
              AU=KRIEG, ADAM JEREMY
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               AU=KRIEG, ADRIAN
               AU=KRIEG, ADRIAN H
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              AU=KRI EG. AF
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              AU=KRI EG, AH
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               AU=KRI EG, AJ
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              AU=KRI EG. ALEXANDER
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           Enter P or PAGE for more
2 S F1-F12
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                    AU=KRI EG, A. H.
                    AU=KRI EG. A. M.
                    AU=KRIEG, A?
AU=KRIEG, ADAM J
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                    AU=KRI EG, ADAM JEREMY
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                    AU=KRIEG, ADRIAN H
                    AU=KRIEG, AF
AU=KRIEG, AH
                 2
                 3
                    AU=KRIEG, AJ
AU=KRIEG, ALEXANDER
                53
                    E1- E12
? S S1 AND AACGTT
                53 S1
               254 AACGTT
                 0
                    S1 AND AACGTT
? E AU=KLINMAN, D?
Pef
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E4
              Index-term
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          76
              AU=KLI NMAN, D. M.
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              AU=KLI NMAN, D. M.
             * AU=KLI NMAN,
                            D?
              AU=KLI NMAN,
                            DEBRA G.
E5
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               AU=KLI NMAN,
                            DENI S
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                            DENNI S
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              AU=KLI NMAN.
                            DENNIS M
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              AU=KLI NMAN,
                            DENNIS M
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                            DENNIS M
               AU=KLI NMAN,
              AU=KLI NMAN,
                            DENNI S MARC
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E11
               AU=KLINMAN, DENNIS R.
Ē12
         119 AU=KLINMAN, DM
           Enter P or PAGE for more
? S E1-E12
                76
                    AU=KLINMAN, D. M.
                    AU=KLI NMAN,
                                  D. M
                 3
                    AU=KLI NWAN. D?
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                    AU=KLINMAN,
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                29 AU=KLINMAN, DENNIS
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               200 AU⊨KLINMAN, DENNIS M
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                                   DENNIS M
                     AU=KLINMAN, DENNIS MARC
                     AU=KLINMAN, DENNIS R.
AU=KLINMAN, DM
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                     E1- E12
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? S S3 AND (AACGTT)
               491
               254
                     AACGIT
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                     S3 AND (AACGIT)
? S S3 AND CG
               491
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                     CCG
                     S3 AND QG
? S S3 AND CoG
               491
                     S3
            138112
                     CPG
               227
                     S3 AND CPG
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>>>Records from unsupported files will be retained in the RD set.
              127 RD (unique items)
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? t s7/3, k/1-4
>>>KWC option is not available in file(s): 399
              (Item 1 from file: 6)
DIALOG(R) FILE
                   6: NTI S
(c) 2009 NTIS, Intl Covraht All Rights Res. All rts. reserv.
2278440 NTIS Accession Number: ADA417843/ XAB
   Papid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agents Using
CPG Based Oi gonucleotides
  (Final addendum rept. 1 Aug 2001-1 Aug 2003)
  Klinman, D. M
  Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC.
  Corp. Source Codes: 068119000: 439199
  Sep 2003
               56p
  Languages: English
  Journal Announcement: USCRDR0405
Product reproduced from digital image. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)605-6900; and email at orders@mtis.gov. NTIS is located at 526
Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.
NTIS Prices: PC A05/MF A01
CPG Based Cligonucleotides
  Klinman, D. M
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Rapid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agents Using

This research project examines the ability of synthetic oligonucleotides (ODN) containing immunostimulatory 'OpG motifs' to trigger the innate immune system, thereby improving the host's ability to survive infection by biowarfare agents. Additional studies examining the ability of these CpG ODN to act as adjuvants when co-administered with vaccines being developed to prevent infection by biowarfare pathogens are also being pursued. Our initial results showed that OpG ODN protected mice against a variety of bacterial and viral pathogens, including Anthrax, Ebola, Listeria, and Tularemia. When used as vaccine adjuvants, these CoG CDN significantly boost antigen-specific lgC and type 1 cytokine production in both muring and...

... QC CDN could protect against pathogen challenge in non-human primates and (3)that these CpG CDN could promote the induction of antigen-specific immune responses in non-human primates. Pasults indicate that CpG CDN need to contain multiple different CpG motifs to stimulate PBMC form diverse human donors. These CDN were found to protect rhesus...

.. co-administered vaccines (including AVA, rPA, and HKLV) in macaques. Serum transfer studies indicate that QbG QDN increase the magnitude and rapidity of the protective immune response elicited by vaccines against

I dentifiers: Cdn(Cligonucleotides); Opg oligonucleotide; Immunoprotection; NTI SDODXA

(Item 2 from file: 6) 7/3. K/2 DIALOG(R) FILE 6: NTIS

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2218973 NTIS Accession Number: ADA394767/XAB
Rapid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agents Using CPG-Based Colionucleotides

(Final rept. 1 Aug 1998-1 Aug 2001) Klinman, D. M

Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC.

Corp. Source Codes: 068119000; 439199 Sep 2001 125p

Languages: English

Languages: English
Journal Announcement: USGRDR0202
Product reproduced from digital image. O'der this product from NTIS by:
phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries);
fax at (703)605-6900; and email at orders@etis.gov. NTIS is located at 5285
Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA
NTIS Prices: PC A077 MF A02

Papid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agents Using CPG-Based Oglionucleotides

Klinman, D. M. This research project examines the ability of synthetic oligonucleotides (CDN) containing immunostimulatory 'CpG motifs' to trigger the innate immune system, thereby improving the host's ability to survive infection by biowarfare agents. Additional studies examining the ability of these CpG CDN to act as adjuvants when co-administered with vaccines being developed to prevent infection by biowarfare pathogens are also being pursued. Our results indicate that QpG ODN provide protection in mice against a variety of bacterial and viral pathogens, including Antbrax, Ebola, listeria, and Tularemia. A single injection of CpG CDN provides protection for up to two weeks. The duration of protection can be extended by repeated CDN injections, or by administering the CpG CDN encapsulated in cationic stealth Iliposomes. When used as vaccine adjuvants, these CpG CDN significantly boost antigen-specific IgG and type 1 cytokine production in both murine and non-human primate models. Two types of QoG ODN were identified that stimulated cells of the human immune system K' type ODN induced...

(Item 3 from file: 6) 7/3. K/3 DIALOG(R) File 6: NTI S

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2200937 NTLS Accession Number: ADA390846/ XAB

Rapid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agens Using Page 3

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CPG Based Cgli onucleotides
(Annual rept 1 Aug 1998-1 Aug 1999)
Klinman, D. M. Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC. Corp. Source Codes: 068119000; 396040
Sep 1999 41p
Languages: English
Journal Announcement: USGRDR0120
```

Product reproduced from digital image. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1.800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703) 605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703) 605-6900; and email at orders@Atis.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA
NTIS Prices: PC A04/MF A01

Banid Industion of Protective Immunity Agains

Papid Induction of Protective Immunity Against Biothreat Agens Using CPG Based Cylionucleotides Kiinman, D. M

This research project examines the ability of synthetic oligonucleotides (CDN) containing immunostimulatory 'CpG motifs to trigger the innate immune system, thereby improving the host's ability to survive infection by blowarfare agents. Our studies indicate that synthetic CDN expressing CpG motifs protect mice from a variety of bacterial and viral pathogens, including Ebola, L. monocytogenes...

... period immediately following infection. Protection persisted for approximately 2 weeks after a single dose of CpG CON. The duration of protection could be prolonged by repeatedly re-administering the CON every 2 weeks. We then examined whether CpG CON would be active on human immune cells. We identified one category of CpG motif that stimulated cell proliferation and the production of 1gM and a second category of CpG motif that stimulated the secretion of 1FNg in vitro. These findings are being actively pursue towards the goal of identifying CpG CON that will be effective in preventing.

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7/3, K/4 (Item 1 from file: 24)
DIALCQ(R) File 24: CSA Life Sciences Abstracts
(c) 2009 CSA. All rts. reserv.
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0003910742 IP ACCESSION NO: 11068372 Inductive and suppressive networks regulate TLR9-dependent gene expression in vivo.

Klaschik, S. Tross, D. Klinman, DM Laboratory of Experimental Immunology, Cancer and Inflammation Program, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Building 567, Room 205, Frederick, MD 21702, USA, [mailto:klinmand@mail.nim.gov]

Journal of Leukocyte Biology, v 85, n 5, p 788-795, May 2009 PUBLI CATION DATE: 2009

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DCCUMENT TYPE: Journal Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
ISSN: 0741-5400
FILE SEGMENT: Bacteriology Abs
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FILE SEGMENT: Bacteriology Abstracts (Microbiology B); Genetics Abstracts; Industrial & Applied Microbiology Abstracts (Microbiology A); Immunology Abstracts

Klaschik, S; Tross, D; Klinman, DM

ABSTRACT:

Bacterial DNA expressing unmethylated CpG motifs binds to TLFP, thereby stimulating a broadly protective, innate immune response. Although CpG-mediated signal transduction has been studied, the scope of TLFP-dependent gene expression is incompletely understood. To resolve these issues, mice were treated with immunostimulatory CpG oligonucleotides (CDN) and splenic mFNA levels monitored from 30 min through 3 days by microarray...

...networks responsible for TLP9-mediated gene expression. Ourrent results are the first to establish that QQG-induced stimulation of the innate immune system proceeds in multiple waves over time, and gene...

...mice supports the conclusion that the regulatory networks identified by our bioinformatic analysis accurately identified CoGCN-driven gene-gene interactions in vivo. Equally important, this work identifies the counter-regulatory mechanisms embedded within the signaling cascade that suppresses the proinflammatory response triggered in vivo by CpG DNA stimulation. Identifying these network interactions provides novel and global insights into the regulation of...

DESCRIPTORS: Bioinformatics; CpGislands; Data processing; Gene expression; Gene regulation; Immune response; Immunostimulation; Inflammation; Leukocytes; Cligonucleotides; Signal transduction...? e au=steinberg, al?

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                                ALAN BRUCE
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                                ALAN L
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              43
                  E1-E12
      S8
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                   SA
             254
                   AACGTT
                  S8 AND AACGTT
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? s aacgtt and olig?
254 AACGTT
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Ref

Items Index-term

2406792

174

S10

OLIG?

AACGTT AND OLLG?

Page 5

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>>>Duplicate detection is not supported for File 391.
>>>Records from unsupported files will be retained in the RD set.
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? t s11/3.k/1-11
>>>KWC option is not available in file(s): 399
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis B-31
                 5: Biosis Previews (R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
0020364532
              BI OSI S NO.: 200800411471
The expression profile of TLR9 mRNA and QpG CDNs immunostimulatory actions
in the teleost gilthead seabream points to a major role of lymphocytes AUTHOR: Cuesta A (Reprint); Esteban M A; Meseguer J
AUTHOR ADDRESS: Univ Murcia, Fac Biol, Dept Cell Biol and Histol, Fish
Innate Immune Syst Grp, E-30100 Murcia, Spain**Spain
AUTHOR E-MAIL ADDRESS: cuesta.alberto@nia.es
JOURNAL: Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences 65 (13): p2091-2104 JUL 2008
 2008
TEM | DENT| FLER: doi: 10. 1007/ s00018-008-8146-7
I SSN: 1420-682X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
ABSTRACT: The potential effects of synthetic unmethylated
  oligodeoxynucleotides (ODN) containing OpG motifs, mimicking
  bacterial DNA, has never been evaluated on the immune response...
...cell-source. To conclude, CDNs containing GAOGIT, GTOGIT (optimal for
  mouse and human, respectively) or AAOGTT motifs are the most potent
  inducers of seabream immunity, whilst the involvement of TLR9 is...
DESCRIPTORS:
  CHEM CALS & BI CCHEM CALS: ... ol i godeoxynucl eot i de--
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Provide (c) 2000 75 5
                 5: Biosis Previews (R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
17222739
           BI OSI S NO.: 200300181458
QpG oligodeoxynucleotides activate grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon
idellus) macrophages.
Aldellus) macrophages.
AUTHOR Weng Zhen; Shao Jianzhong (Reprint); Xiang Lixin
AUTHOR ADDRESS: College of Life Sciences, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou,
310012, China**China
AUTHOR E-MAIL ADDRESS: Iscshaoj@mail.hz.zj.cn
JOUFNAL: Developmental and Comparative Immunology 27 (4): p313-321 April
2003 2003
MEDIUM print
I SSN: 0145-305X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
CpG oligodeoxynucleotides activate grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon
  idellus) macrophages.
```

- ... ABSTRACT: and natural killer cells can be stimulated directly or indirectly by the bacterial DNA and oligodeoxynucleotides (ODN) containing the QpG motifs (QpG DNA). Using head kidney macrophages of grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon...
- ODN-1826 (GACGIT) and -2006 (GTCGIT) for the mice and humans cells, the CON-1670 (AACGTT) used in Atlantic salmon, the CON-D containing two repeats motif of those in 1670...

DESCRIPTORS:

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11/3, K/3 (Item 3 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previews (R)

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16447089 BI OSI S NO.: 200200040600

Induction of interleukin-6 and interleukin-12 in bovine Blymphocytes, monocytes, and macrophages by a CpG oligodeoxynucleotide (CDN 2059) containing the GTOGTT motif

AUTHOR: Zhang Yan: Shoda Lisl K Mt Brayton Kelly A; Estes D Mark; Palmer Quv H; Brown Wendy C (Reprint)

AUTHOR ADDRESS: Department of Veterinary Microbiology and Pathology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164-7040, USA**USA JOURNAL: Journal of Interferon and Cytokine Research 21 (10): p871-881 October, 2001 2001

MEDIUM print ISSN: 1079-9907 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

...interleukin-6 and interleukin-12 in bovine Blymphocytes, monocytes, and macrophages by a CoG oligodeoxynucleotide (CDN 2059) containing the GTCGTT motif

ABSTRACT: Bacterial DNA and synthetic oligodeoxynucleotides (CDN) that contain unmethylated OpG dinucleotides flanked by certain bases (OpG ODN) have been shown ...

...B cell proliferation at a lower concentration (10 muM) when compared with CpG CDN containing AACGTT or GACGTT motifs active for murine leukocytes. Furthermore, CDN 2059 induced interleukin-6 (IL-6...

DESCRIPTORS:

CHEMICALS & BICCHEMICALS: QoG of i godeoxynucl eot i de--

11/3, K/4 (Item 4 from file: 5) DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previews (R)

(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation, All rts, reserv.

16222243 BI OSI S NO.: 200100394082

Immunostimulatory OpG-modified plasmid DNA enhances IL-12, TNF-alpha, and NO production by bovine macrophages AUTHOR: Shoda Lisi K Mt Kegerreis Kimberly A; Suarez Carlos E; Mwangi

Waithaka; Knowles Donald P; Brown Wendy C (Reprint)

Weithaka: Knowles Donald P: Erown vendy C (reprint) AUTHCR ADDFESS: Department of Veterinary M crobiology and Pathology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA. 99164-7040, USA** USA JOUFNAL: Journal of Leukocyte Biology 70 (1): p103-112 July, 2001 2001 Page 7

MEDIUM print ISSN: 0741-5400 DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

... ABSTFACT: cells. In mice, modification of immunostimulatory sequences (ISSs), including CQG motifs, in pDNA vectors or oligodeoxynucleotides can increase or decrease their adjuvant properties. ISSs that stimulate optimal responses reportedly differ for murine and human leukocytes. We have previously characterized the mitogenic properties of oligodeoxynucleotides containing one AACGIT motif for bovine Blymphocytes. We now define cytokine responses by macrophages stimulated with pDNA engineered to contain an ISS comprising two AACGIT motifs. Macrophages activated with QQG-modified pDNA secreted significantly more interleukin-12, tumor necrosis factor...

... modified pDNA that contained nucleotides scrambled to remove QpG motifs. Engineered QpG pDNA or QpG oligodeoxynucleotides should be useful as vaccines or adjuvants to promote the enhanced type 1 responses important...

DIALÓX RETIE * 5: El osis * Previews (R)
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15665643 BICSIS NO: 200000383956
Synthetic oligodeoxynucleotides inhibit IgE induction in human
I ymphocytes
I ymphocytes
I ymphocytes
H deynki; I gawa H deki; Saito H toshi
AUTHCR - FUFESS: Department of Q orbinolaryngology, Fukui Medical
University, Shimoalzuki, Matsuoka, Yoshida, Fukui, 910-1193, Japan*Japan
JOHPNAL: American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine 162 (1): p232-239 July, 2000 2000
MEDIUM print
ISSN: 1073-448X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGLIAGE: English
Synthetic oligodeoxynucleotides inhibit IgE induction in human

Synthetic oligodeoxynucleotides inhibit IgE induction in human lymphocytes

ABSTRACT: Synthetic oligodeoxynucleotides (ODNs) containing unmethylated CpG motifs have the capacity to stimulate T-helper (Th) 1-type...
...the MPB-70 of Mycobacterium boyis Bacillus Calmette-Querin. Two CDNs,

containing CGT-AGS or AACGTT inhibited lgs production by human PBMC. When other oligonucleotides were substituted in a portion of the sequence of the core or flanking oligonucleotides in the CDN containing CGTACG. CDNs containing NACGTTCG or A/CTCGTTCG sequences specifically inhibited lgs.

DESCRIPTORS:

11/3. K/5

CHEMICALS & BLOCHEMICALS: ... synthetic oligodeoxynucleotide

11/3, K/6 (Item 6 from file: 5)
DIALCQ(R) File 5: Biosis Previews(R)
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Page 8

(Item 5 from file: 5)

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15386572 BI OSI S NO.: 200000104885
Modulation of host immune responses by protozoal DNA
AUTHOR: Brown Wendy C (Reprint): Suarez Carlos E: Shoda Lisl KM Estes D
  Mark
AUTHOR ADDRESS: Department of Veterinary Microbiology and Pathology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA, 99164-7040, USA**USA
JOURNAL: Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology 72 (1-2): p87-94 Dec.
15. 1999 1999
MEDIUM print
ISSN: 0165-2427
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Literature Review
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
... ABSTRACT: murine B cells were identified in an 11 kb fragment of B.
  bovis DNA. An oligodeoxyribonucleotide containing one of these (
  AACGIT), located in the rhoptry associated protein-1 (rap-1) open
  reading frame, stimulated B cell...
11/3, K/7 (Item 7 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Province
                  5: Biosis Previews (R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
15331378 BLOSES NO.: 200000049691
Influence of backbone chemistry on immune activation by synthetic
  ol i gonucl eot i des
AUTHOR TSStsky David S (Peprint); Peich Charles F III
AUTHOR ADDRESS: VA Medical Center, 508 Fulton St., Durham, NC, USA**USA
JOURNAL: Biochemical Pharmacology 58 (12): p1981-1988 Dec. 15, 1999 1999
MEDIUM: print
LSSN: 0006-2952
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
Influence of backbone chemistry on immune activation by synthetic
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- ol i gonucl eot i des
- ... ABSTRACT: of backbone structure on these activities, we tested a series of synthetic phosphodiester and phosphorothioate oligonucleotides in in vitro cultures of murine spleen cells. These compounds were 30 bases long and consisted of either a single base or an immunostimulatory sequence (AACGIT) flanked on 5' and 3' ends by 12 nucleotides of each base. Cell activation was...
- ...and interleukin-12 was used as a measure of cytokine stimulation. In these assays, phosphorothicate oligonuclectides induced much higher levels of proliferation, CD69 expression, and cytokine production than the comparable phosphodiester...
- ... production was greatest with compounds with dA and dT flanks. Furthermore, while single base dG oligonucleotides stimulated proliferation as both phosphodiesters and phosphorothioates, they failed to stimulate cytokine production. Together, these findings indicate that base sequence as well as backbone chemistry influence immune activation by synthetic oligonucleotides, with the effects varying among responses. While suggesting differences in the structure-function relationships of...

DESCRIPTORS:

CHEMICALS & BLOCHEMICALS: ... synthetic oligonucleotides

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11/3, K/8 (Item 8 from file: 5)
DIALOQ(R) File 5: Biosis Previews (R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation, All rts, reserv.
15169085 BI OSI S NO.: 199900428745
The effect of CpG sequences on the B cell response to a viral glycoprotein
  encoded by a plasmid vector
AUTHOR: Pasquini S; Deng H; Reddy S T; Giles-Davis W, Ertl H C J (Reprint)
AUTHOR ADDRESS: Wistar Institute, 3601 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, PA.
19104, USA**USA
JOURNAL: Gene Therapy 6 (8): p1448-1455 Aug., 1999 1999
MEDIUM: print
ISSN: 0969-7128
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
... ABSTFACT: the transgene product in mice. The antibody response could be
  rescued by concomitant injection of oligonucleotides carrying
  immunostimulatory sequences. The B cell response to two plasmid vectors,
  both expressing the same viral glycoprotein but containing a different
  content of the highly stimulatory AAOGTT motif, was compared.
  Comparable B cell responses were induced to the two constructs given at
11/3, K/9 (Item 9 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previous 2
                  5: Biosis Previews (R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
           BI OSI S NO.: 199900249085
Mammalian granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor and some QoG
  motifs have an effect on the immunogenicity of DNA and subunit vaccines
  in fish
AUTHOR: Kanellos T S; Sylvester I D; Butler V L; Ambali A G; Partidos C D;
Hamblin A S; Russell P H (Reprint)
Hamblin A.S.; Hussell PH (Heprint)
AUTHOR ADDESS: Department of Pathology and Infectious Diseases, Roy
Veterinary College, Royal College Street, London, NM 0TY, UK**UK
JOURNAL: Immunology 96 (4): p507-510 April, 1999 1999
MEDIUM print
ISSN 0019-2805
DCJUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
ABSTRACT: A eukaryotic plasmid DNA carrying the AACGTT CpG motif in
 its ampR gene is a 'danger' signal for mice and caused an...
... no effect on antibody responses to beta-gal in either fish or mice. A
  synthetic oligonucleofide, which contains the GAOGTT motif,
  potentiated antibody responses to co-administered beta-gal protein in...
11/3, K/10 (Item 10 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previews(R)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
           BI OSI S NO.: 199800511469
14717222
DNA and a CoG oligonucleotide derived from Babesia bovis are
  mitogenic for bovine B cells
AUTHOR: Brown Wendy C (Reprint); Estes D Mark; Chantler Sue Ellen;
Kegerreis Kimberly A; Suarez Carlos E
                                               Page 10
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10789353sear ch. t xt
AUTHOR ADDRESS: Dep. Vet. Microbiol. Pathol., Washington State Univ.,
  Pullman, WA 99164-7040, USA**USA
JOURNAL: Infection and Immunity 66 (11): p5423-5432 Nov., 1998 1998
MEDIUM print
ISSN: 0019-9567
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
RECORD TYPE: Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
DNA and a QoG oligonucleotide derived from Babesia bovis are
  mitogenic for bovine B cells
... ABSTRACT: and several CoG hexameric sequences with known activity for
  murine B cells were identified. An oligodeoxynucleotide containing
  one of these ISS (AACGTT), which is present within the
  rhoptry-associated protein-1 (rap-1) open reading frame, was...
DESCRI PTORS:
  CHEMICALS & BICCHEMICALS: QoG oligonucleotide;
11/3, K/11 (Item 11 from file: 5)
DIALOX(R) File 5: Biosis Previous (5)
(c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
           BI OSI S NO.: 199799694295
I mmune stimulation-a class effect of phosphorothioate
  oligodeoxynucleotides in rodents
AUTHOR Wohelith David K (Reprint); Henry Scott P; Howard Pandy B; Flournoy
Shin; Levin Arthur A; Bennett C Frank; Crooke Stanley.
AUTHOR ADDRESS: Isis Pharmaceuticals, 292 Faraday Ave., Carlsbad, CA
92008, USA**USA
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Immune stimulation-a class effect of phosphorothioate
  oligodeoxynucleotides in rodents
ABSTRACT: Treatment of rodents with phosphorothioate
  oligodeoxynucleotides induces a form of immune stimulation
  characterized by splenomegaly, lymphoid hyperplasia,
  hyper gammagl obul i nem a and m xed mononucl ear.
  . a review of historical data and specific in vivo and in vitro studies.
  All phosphorothicate oligodeoxynucleotides evaluated induced
  splenomegaly and B-lymphocyte proliferation. Splenomegaly and
  B-lymphocyte proliferation increased with dose or concentration of
  oligodeoxynucleotide. Splenomegaly appeared to occur, at least in part, as a result of stimulation of B...
...proliferation. There were differences with respect to degree or potency
  of immune stimulation by different oligodeoxynucleotides. The rank order potencies for B-lymphocyte proliferation in vitro and splenomegaly
  correlated well for the oligodeoxynucleotides tested. Particular
  oligodeoxynucleotide sequence motifs or palindromes have been demonstrated to affect in vitro cell proliferation. Inclusion of a 5'-
  AACGTT-3' palindrome in a phosphorothioate
  oligodeoxynucleotide sequence significantly enhanced the potency.
  While inclusion of this palindrome or a CpG motif alone...
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... palindromes and motifs were clearly not the sole factor required for

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immune stimulation. Several phosphorothioate oligodeoxynucleotides that did not contain a QpG motif still induced immune stimulation in mice. The immune stimulation induced by phosphorothioate oligodeoxynucleotides was an effect on this class of compounds to

which rodents are acutely sensitive.

DESCRIPTORS: CHEMICALS & BLOCHEMICALS:

M SCELLANEOUS TERMS: ... PHOSPHOROTHI OATE OLI GODEOXYNUOLEOTI DES; CONCEPT CODES: ? ds

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